Mapping CWP Curriculum to Statutory Guidance

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Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education

	ionships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RS) ested outcomes: Pupils should know	CWP lesson		
	TIONSHIPS EDUCATION			
Families and people who care for me				
1a	that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.	Reception lesson 3 Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2		
1b	• the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.	Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2		
1c	• that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.	Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 3 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality		
1d	• that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.	Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 & 3		
1e	that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.	Year 6 lesson 3		
1f	 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. 	Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 Additional Lesson FGM		
Carin	g friendships			
2a	how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.	Reception lesson 1 & 3 Year 6 lesson 2		
2b	• the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.	Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2		
2c	that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.	Reception lesson 1 Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality		
2d	• that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.	Reception lesson 2 Year 4 lesson 3		
2e	• how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.	Year 1 lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 2 Year 4 lesson 3 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality		



Respe	ectful relationships	
3a	• the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.	Reception lesson 3 Year 1 lesson 1 Year 2 lesson 1 & 2 Year 3 lesson 1 Year 4 lesson 3 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality
3b	practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality
3c	• the conventions of courtesy and manners.	Embedded through use of groundrules and circle time
3d	• the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality
3e	that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.	Year 1 Lesson 1 Year 4 lesson 3 Embedded through group agreement
3f	• about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 4 lesson 3
3g	what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.	Year 2 Lesson 1 Additional Lesson Respect & Equality
3h	the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.	Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2
Onlin	e Relationships	
4a	• that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.	Year 6 lesson 4
4b	• that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.	Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 4
4c	• rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.	Year 6 lesson 4
4d	how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.	Year 4 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 4
4e	how information and data is shared and used online.	Year 6 lesson 4
Being	şşafe	
5a	 what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). 	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 6 lesson 2 & 4
5b	about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 6 lesson 2 & 4 Additional Lesson FGM



5c	• that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.	Year 3 lesson 2 Year 6 lesson 2 Additional Lesson FGM
5d	how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.	Year 1 Lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 2 & 3 Year 6 lesson 2 & 4
5e	how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.	Year 1 Lesson 3 Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 2 & 4 Additional Lesson FGM
5f	• how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.	Year 3 lesson 2 & 3 Additional Lesson FGM
5g	how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.	Year 3 lesson 2 & 3 Year 6 lesson 4 Additional Lesson FGM
5h	where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.	Year 3 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 4 Additional Lesson FGM
	TH EDUCATION	
	tal wellbeing	
6a	• that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	Year 4 lesson 2 Year 5 lesson 3
6b	• that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.	Reception lesson 1 & 2 Year 1 lesson 1 & 3 Year 4 lesson 2 Year 5 lesson 3
6c	how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.	Reception lesson 1 & 2 Year 1 lesson 1 & 3 Year 4 lesson 2 Year 5 lesson 1 & 3 Year 6 lesson 1 Additional activity
6d	how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.	Year 4 lesson 2 Year 5 lesson 1 & 3 Year 6 lesson 1 Additional activity
6e	• the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.	Year 5 lesson 3 Year 6 lesson 1 Additional activity
6f	• simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	Year 4 lesson 2 Year 5 lesson 1 & 3 Year 6 lesson 1 Additional activity
6g	• isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.	Reception lesson 1 Year 6 lesson 1 Additional activity
6h	that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.	Year 6 lesson 4



resources

6i	where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone	Year 6 lesson 1 Additional Activity Year 6 lesson 4
	else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).	
6j	• it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough	Year 6 lesson 1 Additional Activity
Interr	net safety and harms	
7a	• that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and	While many of the suggested
	has many benefits.	outcomes are touched on in this
7b	about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of	resource, we advise that schools
	excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of	continue to use a stand-alone scheme
	positive and negative content online on their own and others'	on internet safety such as
	mental and physical wellbeing.	www.thinkuknow.co.uk
7c	how to consider the effect of their online actions on others	
	and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour	
	online and the importance of keeping personal information	
	private.	
7d	why social media, some computer games and online gaming,	
	for example, are age restricted.	
7e	that the internet can also be a negative place where online	
	abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which	
	can have a negative impact on mental health.	
7f	how to be a discerning consumer of information online	
	including understanding that information, including that from	
	search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.	
7g	where and how to report concerns and get support with	
	issues online.	
Chang	ging adolescent body	
8a	 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, 	Year 4 lesson 1 & 2
	particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical	Year 5 lesson 1, 2 & 3
	and emotional changes.	Year 6 lesson 1
		Year 6 lesson 1 Additional Activity
8b	about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the	Year 4 lesson 2
	menstrual cycle.	Year 5 lesson 1, 2 & 3
		Year 6 lesson 1
Addit	ional Guidance - Menstruation	
9a	The onset of menstruation can be confusing or even alarming	Year 4 lesson 2
	for girls if they are not prepared. Pupils should be taught key	Year 5 lesson 1, 2 & 3
	facts about the menstrual cycle including what is an average	
	period, range of menstrual products and the implications for	
	emotional and physical health. In addition to curriculum	
	content, schools should also make adequate and sensitive	
	arrangements to help girls prepare for and manage	
	menstruation including with requests for menstrual products.	
	Schools will need to consider the needs of their cohort of pupils	
	in designing this content.	(c)

Non -	- statutory Sex Education	
10a	The Department continues to recommend therefore that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. It should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and — drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born. As well as consulting parents more generally about the school's overall policy, primary schools should consult parents before the final year of primary school about the detailed content of what will be taught	This resource forms a spiralling curriculum of Relationships and Sex Education. We feel that on the whole the Sex Education element of the resource is in line with the science curriculum. Lessons on puberty form part of statutory Health Education. The exception would be sessions in year 6 which include age appropriate discussions on adult sexuality and how a baby is conceived and born. Parents would need to be given the right to excuse their children from these lessons.
Natio	nal Curriculum Science	
S1	 Key Stage 1 (age 5-7 years) Year 1 pupils should be taught to: identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense 	Year 1 Lesson 2 Year 2 Lesson 3
S2	Year 2 pupils should be taught to: notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults	Year 2 Lesson 1 & 2
S3	describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene	
S4	 Key Stage 2 (age 7-11 years) Year 5 pupils should be taught to: describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals 	Year 4 lesson 1 & 2
S5	describe the changes as humans develop to old age	Year 4 lesson 1 & 2 Year 6 lesson 3
S6	 Year 6 pupils should be taught to: recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents 	Year 6 lesson 3